

What Every Dietitian Needs to Know about Trauma and **Delivery of Trauma** Informed Care

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Disclosures

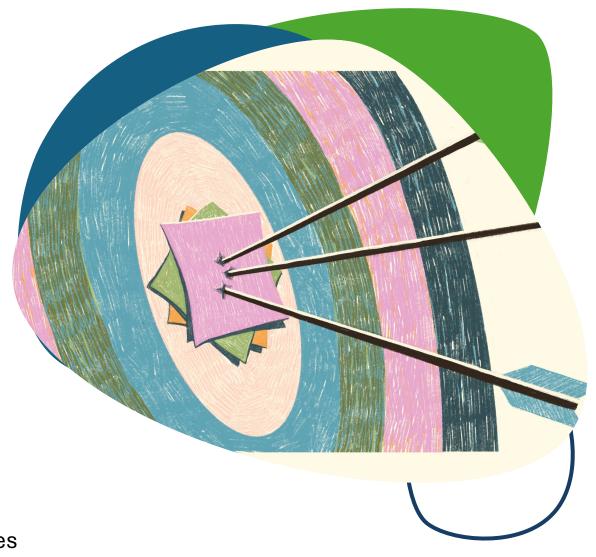
I have no disclosures for today's presentation.

Objectives

Objective 1: After participating in this session, attendees should be able to identify 3 types of developmental trauma and discuss their impact on the decision-making process.

Objective 2: After participating in this session, attendees should be able to integrate the 5 principles of providing trauma informed care.

Objective 3: After participating in this session, attendees should be able to demonstrate a Values Sort exercise in efforts to help facilitate the delivery of trauma informed care.





Agenda

Let's get comfortable

Big Topics = Big Feelings

Define our topic

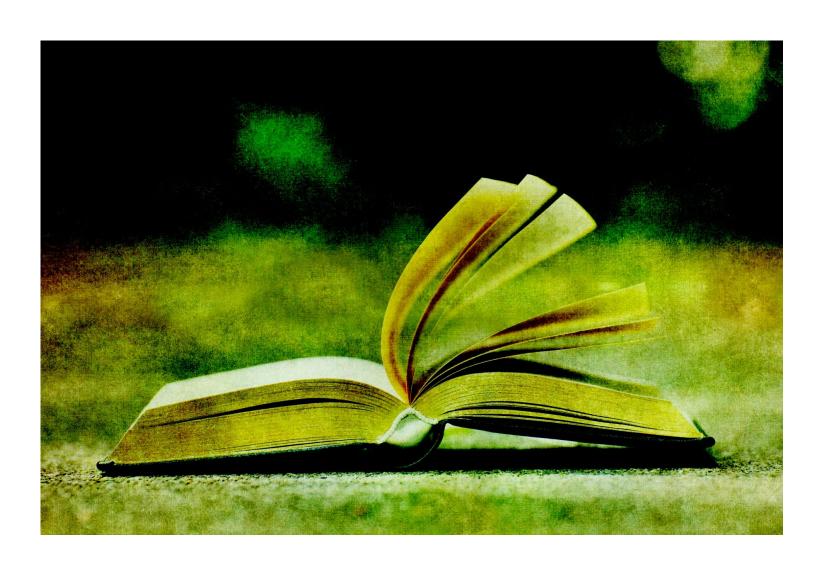
Understand its scope

Develop our skills

Practice

Have you ever sat through a presentation on trauma or trauma informed care?

I want to tell you a story....



Erin

Fatty liver, Obesity

Sexual assault by her professor in college leading to a 10+ year history of binge eating disorder and Bulimia





Sofia

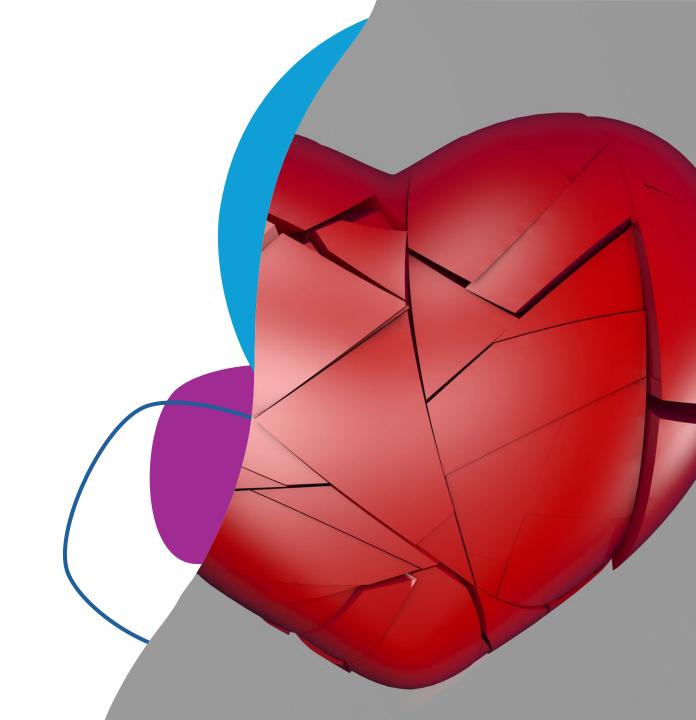
Overweight 17-year-old, juvenile RA, POTS

Raped by her boyfriend at age 15

Shannon

Anorexia post gastric-bypass surgery, prior history of binge eating disorder

Molested by her school custodian as an elementary student, in an abusive marriage



There are a million more stories



Jessica

Obesity

Lost her father to heroine addiction



Amber

Wants to Lose Weight

Lost her father and her husband in a span of 2 years



Amy

Obesity, Type 2 DM

Middle Child, Extremely thin mom and sister



Grace

Overweight

Twin brother who is a star athlete, very thin pretty mom

There are a million more stories



Leon

Obesity

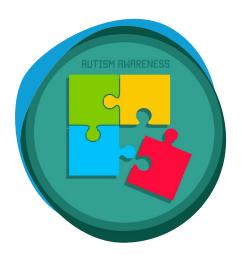
Neglectful parents, unfulfilling career



Jay

Wants to Lose Weight

Successful accountant with a history of dyslexia



Chris

Overweight, Hypertension

Father w a demanding job and a 21-year-old son with severe autism



Ann

Overweight

Divorced middle child, lost her brother to alcoholism

We All Know This Story

Our Work

 This story is as much about us as it is about our clients and patients.

Understanding

 When we understand how our clients exist and survive in their lives, we can more easily meet them where they are.

Skill Development and Hope

 Building your confidence as a clinician in this area will enhance your work and your patient's outcomes.





What we thought was our work!

Where our work really starts!

Ask not why the addiction, but why the pain

Gabor Mate MD

Why I Eat

Conscious

V

Subconscious



Traditional Medical Nutrition Therapy

 What's wrong with you? Labs, Anthropometrics, Diagnosis

Trauma Informed Nutrition Therapy

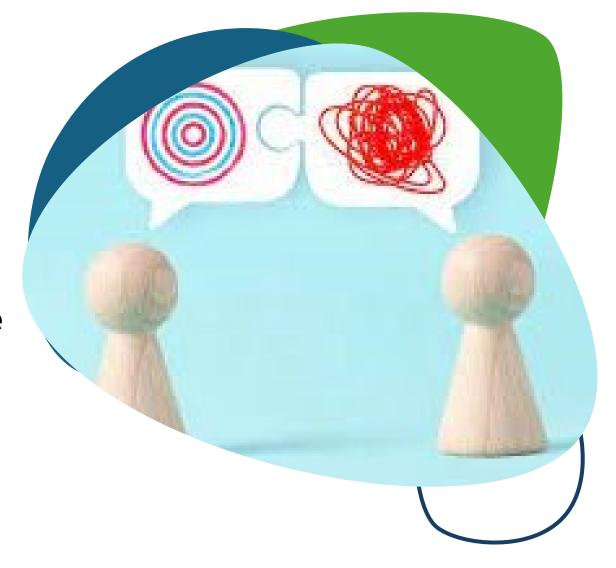
What happened to you? Tell me about you



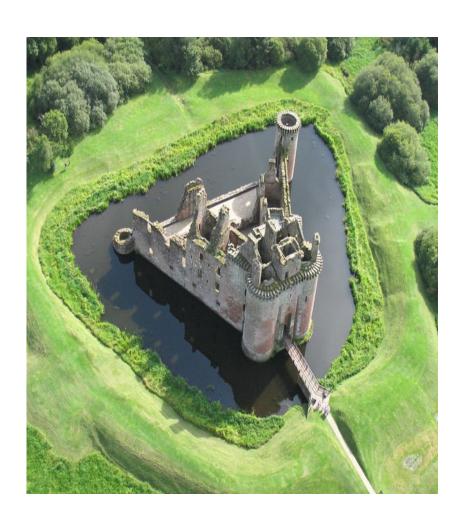
What Most Clients Say....

I just really need you to just tell me what to do and I'll do it!

I really like just having a plan to follow.



But then they don't!!!!!!



Pre-Frontal Cortex

Allows us to make educated, well thought out decisions.

We access this part of our brain by actively crossing over the bridge.

Emotions often flood out this bridge making our best choices inaccessible to us.

This is why we can't just educate on nutrition to be successful. Knowledge is a lot but its not everything!

THE DISCONNECT



Psychological Trauma

Psychological trauma is a **response** involving complex debilitation of adaptive abilities—emotional, cognitive, physical, spiritual and social—following an event that was perceived by our nervous system as life-threatening to oneself or others (especially loved ones).

Trauma can be a one-time event, a prolonged event or a series of events. Trauma that affects a community or a country is called collective trauma.

TRAUMA IS RELATIVE AND EXISTS ON A SPECTRUM.

What is Developmental Trauma?

Reach

Broad, Cumulative and Lasting Effects

Problem

Children lack the cognitive and behavioral capacities to understand and respond to traumatic circumstances effectively.

Attachment

Early, repeated interpersonal traumas can interrupt the development of secure attachment and cause the development of chronic and severe traumatic adaptations.

Coping

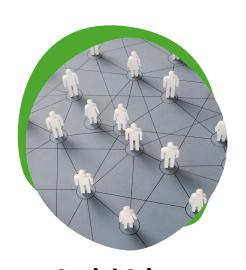
Children may re-enact their traumas through defensive (protective) expressions of anger and aggression (because they fear emotional vulnerability and experiencing additional traumas) and by coping with alcohol, drugs, food and self-inflicted injuries to numb their emotional pain and suffering.

Shared Traits of PTSD/Trauma/Long Term Dieter/Overweight/Obesity/ED Response

- thoughts Intrusive and distressing thoughts
- behaviors Dissociative behaviors
- reactions Physiological Reactions
- tendencies Avoidance
- self Negative Self Beliefs and Self Blame
- choices Reckless and Self-destructive behavior
- duration Lasts longer than 1 month and impairs social, occupational and other areas of functioning

Even our worst coping mechanism started out as a natural attempt at self-soothing when we felt unsafe

The Trauma of Weight



Social Stigma
Social Media



Discomfort



Weight Bias



Fear

The Weight of Trauma Trauma's Effect on Systems



Cognitive

Affects the ability to process thoughts and make good judgments and leads to poor impulse control.



Emotional

Creates looping cycles of emotions of shame. guilt, fear, anger and pain.



Physical

It affects our muscles. joints, digestion and metabolism, temperature, sleep, and the immune system. Leads to Hypothalamic-pituitaryadrenal axis dysregulation and alters hormonal stress response.



Spiritual

Affects our worldview. the lenses with which we see reality (typically so we see it as unsafe), our understanding and meaning of life, society, and the world



Social

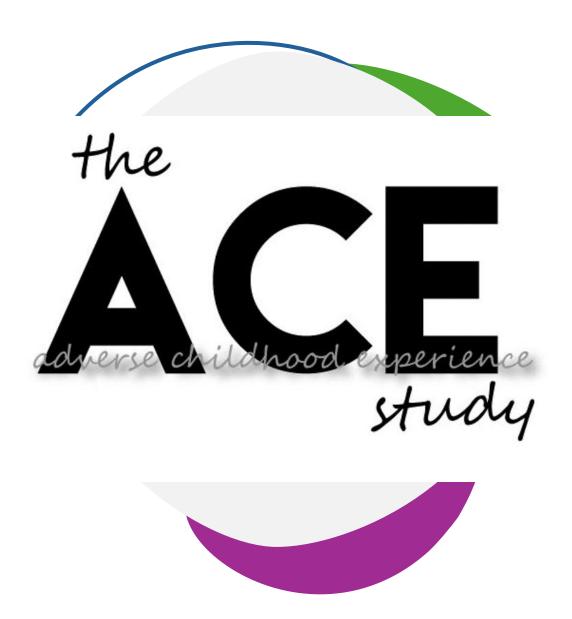
Affects relationships with spouses, family, friends, colleagues, and strangers (because it affects so many so deeply, it affects structures of societies)

Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (US). Trauma-Informed Care in Behavioral Health Services. Rockville (MD): Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (US); 2014. (Treatment Improvement Protocol (TIP) Series, No. 57.) Chapter 3, Understanding the Impact of Trauma. Available from: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK207191/



The Study of Trauma and Health Outcomes

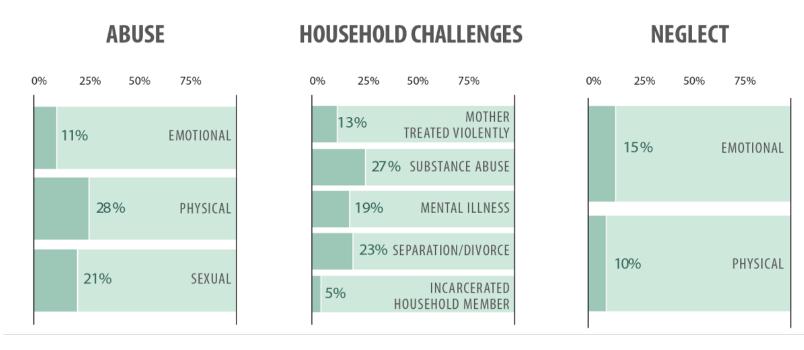
Has its birthplace in 1985 in an obesity clinic in California headed by Dr. Vincent Felitti



- The ACE study was conducted at Kaiser Permanente from 1995 to 1997 with two waves of data collection.
- It is one of the largest investigations of childhood abuse and neglect and household challenges and later-life health and well-being.
- The investigation had its origins in Dr. Vincent Felitti's Obesity Clinic in 1985 in San Diego.

TYPES of ACES

The ACE study looked at three categories of adverse experience: **childhood abuse**, which included emotional, physical, and sexual abuse; **neglect**, including both physical and emotional neglect; and **household challenges** which included growing up in a household were there was substance abuse, mental illness, violent treatment of a mother or stepmother, parental separation/divorce or had a member of the household go to prison. Respondents were given an **ACE score** between 0 and 10 based on how many of these 10 types of adverse experience to which they reported being exposed.



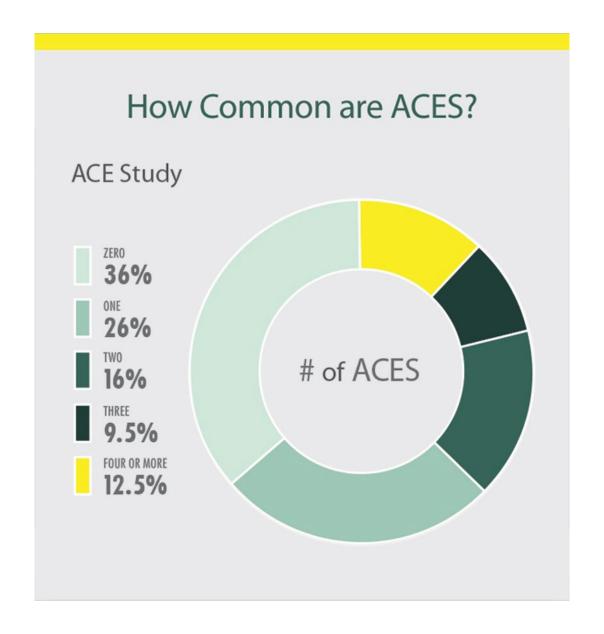
Has anyone completed the ACE's questionnaire before?

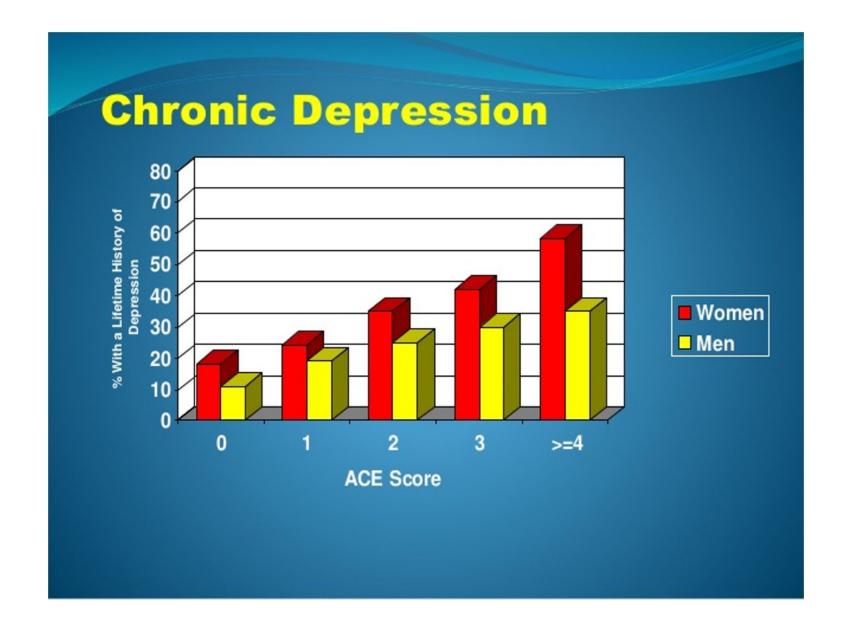
ACE Questionnaire

- While you were growing up, during your first 18 years of life:
- 1. Did a parent or other adult in the household often or very often... Swear at you, insult you, put you down, or humiliate you? Or Act in a way that made you afraid that you might be physically hurt?
- 2. Did a parent or other adult in the household often or very often... Push, grab, slap, or throw something at you? Or Ever hit you so hard that you had marks or were injured?
- 3. Did an adult or person at least 5 years older than you ever... Touch or fondle you or have you touch their body in a sexual way? or Attempt or actually have oral, anal, or vaginal intercourse with you?
- 4. Did you often or very often feel that ...

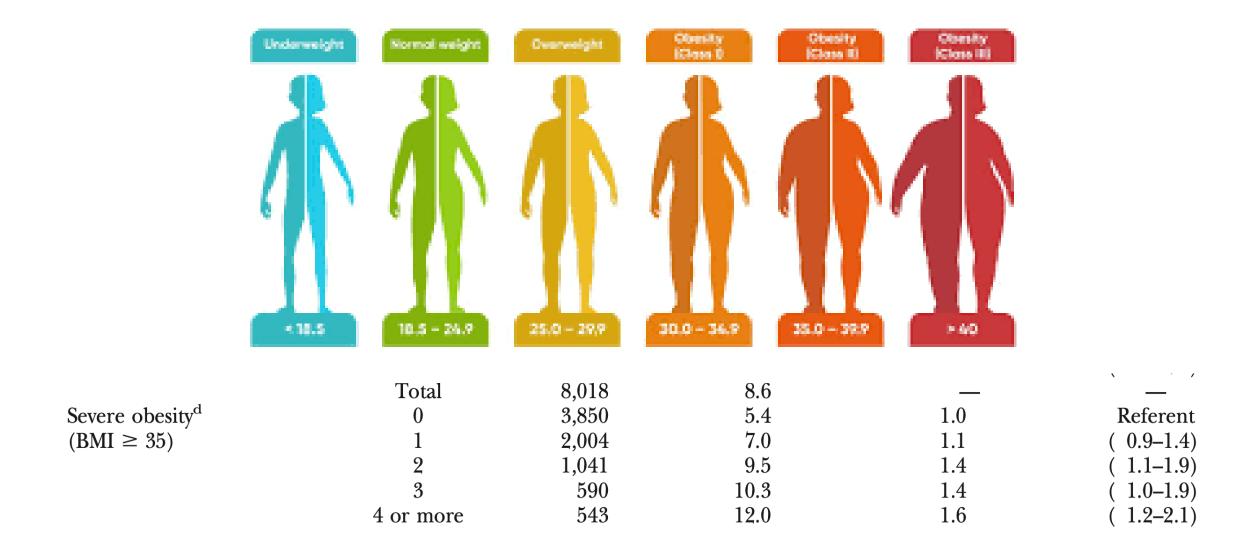
 No one in your family loved you or thought you were important or special? Or Your family didn't look out for each other, feel close to each other, or support each other?

- 5. Did you often or very often feel that ...
 You didn't have enough to eat, had to wear dirty clothes, and had no one to protect you? or Your parents were too drunk or high to take care of you or take you to the doctor if you needed it?
- 6. Were your parents ever separated or divorced?
- 7. Was your mother or stepmother: Often or very often pushed, grabbed, slapped, or had something thrown at her? Or Sometimes, often, or very often kicked, bitten, hit with a fist, or hit with something hard? Or Ever repeatedly hit at least a few minutes or threatened with a gun or knife?
- 8. Did you live with anyone who was a problem drinker or alcoholic or who used street drugs?
- 9. Was a household member depressed or mentally ill, or did a household member attempt suicide?
- 10. Did a household member go to prison?
- Now add up your "Yes" answers: _____ This is your ACE Score.





Felitti, V. J., Anda, R. F., Nordenberg, D., Williamson, D. F., Spitz, A. M., Edwards, V., Koss, M. P., & Marks, J. S. (1998). *Relationship of childhood abuse and household dysfunction to many of the leading causes of death in adults: The Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) Study*. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 14(4), 245–258. https://doi.org/10.1016/S0749-3797(98)00017-8



Probability of Outcomes

Given 100 American Adults

33	51	16
No ACEs	1-3 ACEs	4-8 ACEs
WITH 0 ACEs	WITH 3 ACEs	WITH 7+ ACEs
1 in 16 smokes	1 in 9 smokes	1 in 6 smokes
1 in 69 are alcoholic	1 in 9 are alcoholic	1 in 6 are alcoholic
1 in 480 uses IV drugs	1 in 43 uses IV drugs	1 in 30 use IV drugs
1 in 14 has heart disease	1 in 7 has heart disease	
1 in 96 attempts suicide	1 in 10 attempts suicide	1 in 5 attempts suicide

Felitti, V. J., Anda, R. F., Nordenberg, D., Williamson, D. F., Spitz, A. M., Edwards, V., Koss, M. P., & Marks, J. S. (1998). *Relationship of childhood abuse and household dysfunction to many of the leading causes of death in adults: The Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) Study*. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 14(4), 245–258. https://doi.org/10.1016/S0749-3797(98)00017-8

The 5 Principles of Creating a Trauma Informed Environment

5 Principles of Trauma Informed Care



Safety

- Furniture choice
- Strategic use of scale
- Tone of Voice
- Language
- Address Shame and Guilt



Choice

- Varied Agenda
- Meeting a client on their path
- Avoid assumptions
- HAES
- ED Informed



Collaboration

- Partner with other providers
- Partner with other key players (family, friends)
- Refer as necessary



Trustworthiness

- Adhere to privacy guidelines
- Use mirroring
- Share appropriately



Empowerment

- Express hope
- Unlocking the mystery
- Use the word "we"
- Create a method of communication
- Values Work

Tools to Enhance Your Trauma Informed Practice

The Decision Line (Values Work)

- Multiple studies have shown efficacy in using Value-Driven therapy (Think ACT) to create and maintain lifestyle behavior modification as compared to standard behavioral therapy.
- A simple visual model like the decision line allows clients to begin the process of being curious about their decisions rather than judgmental about them.



The Decision Line

Fear

Pain

Anxiety

Stress

Frustration

Shame

Guilt

Trauma



Values



Values Sort

- Powerful opportunity to think deeply about what motivates you, about what you want more of in your life.
- The goal is to choose 5 words that will serve as the pillars of your personal mission statement.
- Ask yourself:
 - Will this word help me make a decision?
 - Will it guide me along my path?

Values Words

- Health
- Humor
- Serenity
- Parenting
- Surrender
- Service
- Sacredness
- Imagination
- Dignity
- Intellect
- Pride
- Wealth
- Excellence
- Attention
- Reliability
- Dependability
- Respect
- Equanimity
- Enlightenment

- Wholeness
- Spirituality
- Integrity
- Control
- Home
- Self-Expression
- Trust
- Friendship
- Safety
- Relationship
- Learning
- Consistency
- Courage
- Winning
- Truth
- Rituals
- Spontaneity
- Admiration
- Honor

- Grace
- Fairness
- Family
- Vitality
- Community
- Kindness
- Honesty
- Passion
- Sexuality
- Appreciation
- Partnership
- Creativity
- Feelings
- Empathy
- Fun
- Connection
- Happiness
- Support
- Calm

- Pleasure
- Security
- Rules
- Belief
- Faithfulness
- Discovery
- Persuasion
- Structure
- Quiet
- Leadership
- Order
- Accomplishment
- Encouragement
- Patience
- Hope
- Openness
- Justice
- Intuition
- Independence

- Change
- Play
- Growth
- Gratitude
- Self-Respect
- Inner Strength
- Challenge
- Adventure
- Sensuality
- Tradition
- Self-Control
- Power
- Contribution
- Strength
- Peace
- Invention
- Beauty
- Work
- Risk

- Loyalty
- Planning
- Action
- Freedom
- Mastery
- Nature
- Understanding
- Nurture
- Joy
- Laughter
- Love
- Inspiration
- Compassion
- Recovery

What Are Your 5 Words?

HEALTH

FAMILY

TRADITION

ADVENTURE

PRODUCTIVITY

My 5 Words In Action



fAMILY

TRADITION



ADVENTURE

PRODUCTIVITY

SCHEDULING A DOCTOR APPT

MAKING A COLORFUL SALAD FOR LUNCH WITH PROTEIN

PURCHASING A
PRETTY WATER
BOTTLE

ENJOYING A SLICE OF BIRTHDAY CAKE AT MY CHILD'S PARTY

TAKING A BIKE RIDE
TO A COFFEE SHOP
OR ICE CREAM STORE

MISSING WORK TO ATTEND AN EVENT

ENJOYING FOODS THAT PERTAIN TO HOLIDAYS

A DRINK TO MAKE A TOAST

VISITING THE SAME RESTAURANT ON VACATION TRYING A NEW FOOD
IN A NEW PLACE

TRYING A NEW RECIPE

SPENDING MONEY
ON A FAMILY
VACATION

WORK LIFE BALANCE

WAKING UP EARLY TO WORKOUT

INVESTING IN EDUCATION

EATING A BAR INSEAD
OF A FULL MEAL
SOMETIMES

Putting Values to Work



Connection

Sharing an appreciation for a client's values helps them to feel heard and seen.



Goals

Recognizes that the client's goals (hopes and dreams) may differ from traditional nutrition frameworks.



Erases Black and White Thinking

Eliminates good and bad or black and white thinking around choices. Helps to uncover the "why"



Wide Applicability

Money, Relationships, Career, Time: can be seen through the values lens (lots of opportunity to practice!)



Evolving

Our values don't have to be static- they can adjust to our stage of life to create selfcompassion and grace.

Providing Trauma Informed Care in EVERY Setting



5 minutes

Read the Room

Ask permission

Use the word "we"

Identify resources for follow up



15 minutes Ask about past experiences

Indicate your connection to the client's team

Share information at appropriate literacy level



30 minutes

Create a connection

Be the tour guide

Turn the lights on in the haunted house



60 minutes

Slow our roll

Reframe

Use the word "noticing"

Avoid Agendas

Share information in new ways

Be a cheerleader



Text or Email

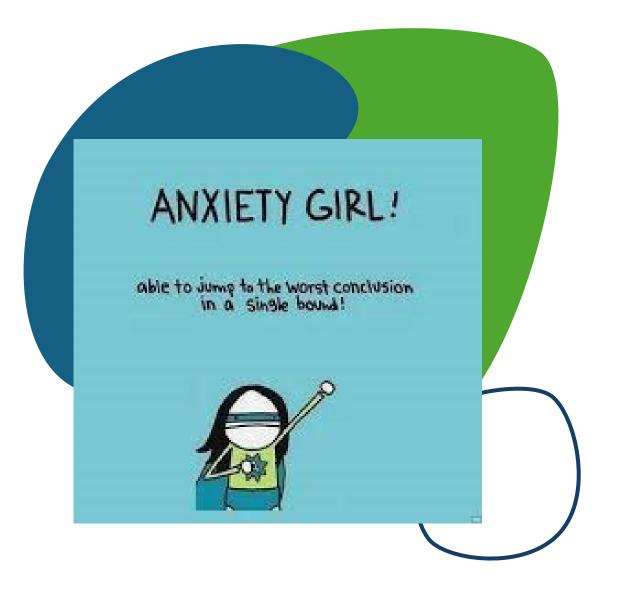
Affirmations

Ensure understanding

Connect on next meeting time

Don't Forget

- Fear of Change
- Fear of Past
- Fear of Hopelessness
- •Repeated failed attempts at weight loss can trigger PTSD like symptoms for many.





Staying In Our Lane

•What is role of the RDN?

•When should you refer?

We Get to Help Our Clients

- Heal.
- Develop new coping skills.
- Practice awareness without judgement.
- Reframe their experiences.
- Grow and learn.

while we cannot undo what is done, we can see it, understand it. learn from it and change so that every new moment is spent not in regret, guilt, fear or anger but in wisdom, understanding and love.

Heartfeltquotes.blogspot.com

There is hope in knowing our stories...

Thank you for letting me be a part of yours!

Julie

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